



Symptoms of depression

The following symptoms may be caused by depression, lasting more than a few weeks at a time:

- · Little interest or pleasure in doing things
- Feeling hopeless
- Trouble falling asleep or sleeping too much
- Feeling tired or having little energy
- · Poor appetite or overeating
- Low self-esteem, feeling bad about yourself or that you have let your family down
- Trouble concentrating
- Moving so slowly that other people have noticed OR
- · Being so fidgety or restless that you cannot sit still
- · Thoughts about hurting yourself or that you would be better off dead

Helping prevent depression

- · Healthy diet: eating healthily has been shown to have a positive effect on mood
- Regular exercise



- Keep active: starting a hobby, a sports team or community project can help
- Have a routine: this can help with sleep also
- Mindfulness: see below for support in this
- Talking about your feelings / support groups: for some people this can be friends of family, others
 this can take the form of writing e.g. a blog, diary
- · Keep a mood diary
- · Cut down alcohol
- Stop smoking

Treatments

These depend on the severity of your symptoms. For mild depression, many of the self-help advice about can be useful. However, if this isn't improving or your symptoms are more severe, your doctor may recommend the following:

Talking therapy (psychotherapy):

- · Counselling: talking therapy with a trained therapist to help you find ways to deal with emotional issues
- Cognitive behavioural therapy: can help to change the way you think and behave

Medication: there are different types of antidepressants which can be used for moderate to severe depression and need to be prescribed and monitored by a doctor. These are not initiated by DCA.

- Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors e.g. citalopram: increase the amount of serotonin (a good mood chemical) in the brain. The possible side effects usually improve after 1-2 weeks (including possible nausea, headache, dry mouth libido changes). These medications are not addictive and although it is recommended to take for a least 6 months to reduce the chances of your symptoms returning, it is not always needed to take them in the long term.
- Tricyclic Antidepressants e.g. amitriptyline: increase chemicals in the brain to lift mood. Similarly, any possible side effects usually improve after 10 days.
- Others: mirtazapine, venlafaxine and duloxetine are other possibilities which generally are used if the above are not working well.

Specialist psychiatric input: if your symptoms are very severe or if you are experiencing hallucinations, your doctor may refer you to see a psychiatrist who may offer other treatments.



Crisis

If you should be feeling overwhelmed or having any thoughts about harming yourself or ending your life, please contact a doctor immediately. You can contact your GP urgently or attend your local Accident and Emergency.

Samaritans is a 24-hour line support line if you need to talk to someone.

Visit website

Support

There are many sources of publicly available information on managing anxiety from apps, leaflets and websites. We recommend the following:





What's Up? - Mental Health App Android





What's Up? uses CBT techniques and is interactive as well as tracking levels of anxiety.









Headspace: Guided meditation

Relax with guided meditations and mindfulness techniques that bring calm, wellness and balance to your life in just a few minutes a day.







Mood Mission Android iOS

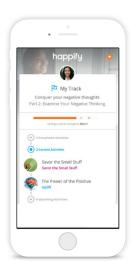




Reactive activities based on your mood, providing mental health strategies that are quick and easily achievable.







Happify: for Stress and Worry os



Activities and games to elevate your mood and with emotional wellbeing.







MIND: Organisation supporting mental health issues including depression. Visit website
Relate: organisation supporting relationship issues. Visit website
ReThink Mental Illness: Advice and support for a variety of mental health issues. Visit website
NHS choices information on depression: Visit website
Online therapy, in written format with trained therapists: Visit website
Silver Cloud: Online courses in CBT and other talking therapies. Visit website
Leaflets

Mood Juice: Self-help for depression (and also CBT)

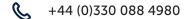
Read more



Patient.co.uk: Depression leaflet.

Read more

Need more help?



contactus@doctorcareanywhere.com

doctorcareanywhere.com